## WOODWORK

#### **SCHEME OF EXAMINATION**

There will be three papers, Papers 1, 2 and 3 all of which must be taken. Papers 1 and 2 will be a composite paper to be taken at one sitting.

- **PAPER 1:** Will consist of forty multiple-choice objective questions all of which must be answered within 40 minutes for 40 marks.
- **PAPER 2:** Will consist of theory and design paper of two sections, Sections A and B, to be taken within 2 hours, 20 minutes.

Section A: will be short structured questions put into three parts, Part I, II and III as follows:

- Part I will be for candidates in Ghana only.
- Part II will be for candidates in Nigeria, Sierra Leone and The Gambia.
- Part III will be for all candidates. It will comprise of two questions out of which all candidates will be required to answer one.

Section B: Will comprise design and drawing questions, all of which must be answered within 1 hour 40 minutes for 40 marks.

**PAPER 3:** Will be a practical test lasting 3 hours. Candidates will be required to make a test piece for which the appropriate drawings will be supplied. It will carry 100 marks

### **CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT**

A continuous assessment score for the subject shall include marks for assessment of finished projects by the candidates. The products must be left undestroyed for at least six months after the release of results. It is recommended that at least three specific projects be produced during the course by each candidate.

#### **DETAILED SYLLABUS**

# THEORY AND DESIGN

S/NO.	TOPIC	CONTENT	NOTES
1.	General Workshop Safety	<ul> <li>(a) Personal safety precautions.</li> <li>(b) General Workshop safety regulations.</li> <li>(c) Safety devices and appliances.</li> <li>(d) Hand tool safety.</li> <li>(e) Machine safety: <ul> <li>(i) General machine shop</li> <li>safety;</li> <li>(ii) Safety precautions in</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Types and uses  Safety precautions in carrying, storing, and handling hand tools.
		the use of portable power tools and machines; (iii) Safety in machines operations; (iv) Prevention of mechanical faults. (f) First aid.	Materials and administration.
2.	Hand tools	<ul> <li>(a) Types</li> <li>(b) Classification:     geometrical, holding     and     supporting, impelling     and     percussion, cutting,     boring, abrading and     scraping tools.</li> </ul>	To include identification, description and sketching.
3.	Special Purpose Hand tools.	<ul> <li>Planes:     spokeshaves     rebate Plane,     Plough plane,     block plane,     shoulder plane etc.</li> <li>Saws: bow saw,     pad/ keyhole saw,     coping saw, fret     saw.</li> <li>Boring bit:     expansion bit,</li> </ul>	To include identification, description and sketching.

		forstner bit, countersink bit, auger bit, etc.  • Shapers: scrapers, rasps, surforms, etc.	
4.	Portable Power tools.	<ul><li>(a) Types: Power drill, jig</li><li>saw, spray gun, screw driver, sanders, router,</li><li>power circular saw, etc.</li><li>(b) Uses.</li></ul>	To include identification, description, care and safe use.
5.	Woodworking machines.	(a) Types: Circular saw, crosscut saw, thicknesser, surface planer, mortiser, lathe, grinding wheel, drilling machine, etc.	To include identification, description, care and safe use.
		<ul><li>(b) Uses.</li><li>(c) Safety Precautions.</li></ul>	To include the use of guards, fences, push sticks, push blocks, gauges etc.
		(a) Types: corrective, routine, predictive and preventive.	To include maintenance activities, materials and tools.
6.	Maintenance	<ul><li>(b) Reasons for maintenance</li><li>(c) Maintenance of hand tools.</li></ul>	To include oiling, sharpening, repairing, storing etc.
		(d) Maintenance of machines.	To include cleaning, oiling, servicing, replacing parts etc.
		<ul> <li>(a) Timber growth and structure.</li> <li>(b) Common West African  Timbers e.g. Iroko (Odum), abura, mahogany, obeche (Wawa), African</li> </ul>	Structure to include classification, e.g. soft/hardwoods. Parts and their functions

7.	West African Timbers in common use.	wannut, afara, ebony, danta, emery, shedua, mansonia, cedar, afromosia (kokrodua), avodire, kusia.  (c) Characteristics.	Surface, working and mechanical qualities, similarities and differences.
		(d) Uses	Specific uses.
		(a) Explanation.	
8.	Timber Conversion	<ul> <li>(b) Conversion methods: <ul> <li>(i) plain/through and through/live</li> <li>sawing;</li> <li>(ii)Tangential/back/flat/rake sawing</li> <li>(iii)Quarter/radial/rift sawing;</li> </ul> </li> <li>(c) Common market sizes: <ul> <li>log, plank, scantling, board, batten,</li> <li>strip/lath,</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Characteristics, advantages and disadvantages of each method.  Including, identification description and uses.
		squares.	
9.	Timber seasoning	<ul> <li>(a) Explanation.</li> <li>(b) Reasons for seasoning</li> <li>(c) Methods of seasoning:     Natural/open air, artificial/kiln, water and chemical seasoning.</li> <li>(d) Determination of moisture content:     (i) moisture meter method;     (ii) oven dry method.</li> </ul>	Advantages and disadvantages of each method.  Advantages and disadvantages of each method.  Calculation of percentage moisture content.
		(a) Explanation of timber	
		defect.	
		(b) Types of defects	

10.	Timber defects	<ul><li>(i) natural growth defects;</li><li>(ii) felling defects;</li><li>(iii) conversion defects;</li><li>(iv) seasoning defects;</li><li>(v) defects caused by Organisms.</li></ul>	Causes, prevention, remedies, description and sketching.
11.	Timber preservation	<ul> <li>(a) Reasons for preserving timber.</li> <li>(b) Common timber preservatives</li> <li>(c) Properties of a good timber preservative</li> <li>(d) Methods of applying timber preservatives: brushing, dipping, spraying etc.</li> </ul>	To include specific uses.  Advantages and disadvantages of each method.
12.	Manufactured boards	<ul><li>(i) types;</li><li>(ii) structure;</li><li>(iii) characteristics</li><li>(iv) uses.</li></ul>	To include description and uses.  Advantages and disadvantages of each type.
13.	Timber Preparation	(a) Selection of tools and machines (b) Operational sequence:     (i) hand preparation;     (ii) machine preparation.	To include practical preparation of stock.
14.	Woodwork joints	Classification: (i) widening joints: simple butt, dowel, tongued and grooved, loose tongue, rebated butt etc. (ii) angle joints: mortise and tenon, dowelled butt, dovetails, housing, halving etc. (iii) framing joints: mortise and tenon, bridle, plain mitre, dowelled butt, halving etc.  Wood finishes: (i) types: fillers, stains,	To include identification, description, sketching, construction, specific use etc.
		(i) types: fillers, stains, paints, varnishes, lacquers, polishes	

15.	Wood finishes and finishing.	etc. (ii) application of finishes:  • surface preparation; • tools; • methods: brushing,  spraying, dipping, etc.	To include:  (i) properties, characteristics and uses of each.  To include:  (i) stages and tools for each method.  (ii) Safety precautions.
16.	Wood abrasives	<ul><li>(a) Meaning</li><li>(b) Grades: coarse, medium and fine.</li><li>(c) Selection and uses.</li></ul>	Identification, selection and uses.  To include specific application of each grade.
17.	Wood adhesives	Types:  (a) protein: animal, casein  (b) synthetic resins: urea, phenol and melamine formaldehydes, epoxyl resins, polyvinyl acetate (PVA).  (c) contact/rubber based	To include characteristics, uses, preparation and application and safety precaution during application.
18.	Wood fittings and fasteners	<ul> <li>(a) Fittings: e.g. hinges, locks, handles, bolts, catches, etc.</li> <li>(b) Fasteners: Nails, screws, bolts and nuts, corrugated fasteners etc.</li> </ul>	To include identification, description, sketching, uses, application, fixing etc.  To include identification, description, sketching, uses, application, fixing etc.
19.	Non-wood materials	Types: Glass, plastics, rubber, ceramics, metal, leather, etc.  (a) Veneers: Types	To include identification, description, characteristics, uses and other types of each.
20	Vancars and Vancarina	Production.  (b) Veneering:  (i) Methods: hammer, press.	To include identification, description and uses.  To include the processes for each method.

Δυ.	veneers and veneering	(ii) Tools: veneer hammer, pressing iron, cramps, caul, etc.	To include identification, description, sketching and uses.
21.	Wood shaping and bending.	<ul> <li>(a) Shaping: Rounding, moulding, bevelling, chamfering, tapering, carving, etc.</li> <li>Bending: Solid, laminated</li> </ul>	To include identification, description, sketching, processes, techniques, tools and machines, properties of wood suitable for each.
22.	Design and Drawing	<ul> <li>(a) Concept of design;</li> <li>(b) Design fundamentals and processes;</li> <li>(c) Free hand sketching;</li> <li>(e) Working drawings;</li> <li>(f) Cutting list and bill of materials;</li> <li>(g) Basic draftsmanship skills.</li> </ul>	Working drawings in the First and Third Angle orthographic projections. Indication of cutting correct sectional representation of the materials are assential.
23.	Project Design and Construction.	<ul> <li>(a) Identification and analysis of given design problems.</li> <li>(b) Designing to solve the problems.</li> <li>(c) Estimating the cost of the design.</li> <li>(d) Constructing to meet the design specification.</li> </ul>	Design problems should arise from customer needs, market survey, situation analysis, etc. To include evaluating the product to meet design purpose and specification.
		(a) Upholstery work.  (b) Hand tools and machines: needles, pair of scissors, hammer, webbing	To include description, types and parts.  Identification, description, sketching, care and uses.

24.	Upholstery	machine, buttoning machine.  (c) Materials e.g. for framing, stuffing/padding, covering, decorating.  (d) Processes and techniques: framing, padding, covering, finishing, decoration, etc.	To be applied in constructing upholstery project.
25.	Wood turning	<ul> <li>(a) The wood lathe: Parts and accessories.</li> <li>(b) Turning tools: chisels, gouges, calipers, etc.</li> <li>(c) Turning operations: face plate turning, turning between centres and boring.</li> <li>(d) Suitable wood for turning: abura, ebony, mahogany, etc.</li> <li>(e) Projects: vase, bowl, candle holder, etc.</li> </ul>	Identification, description, sketching, care, uses and safe use.  To include identification and specific use.  To include description and actual turning.
26.	Wood carving and sculpture	<ul><li>(a) Carving: incise and relief.</li><li>(b) Sculpture: Production of simple ornaments.</li><li>(c) Tools e.g. chisels,</li></ul>	To include description, identification, application and processes.  To include identification, sketching and uses.
27.	Surface Decoration	gouges, knives, files, etc.  Types: inlaying, veneering, marquetry, lamination,	Identification, description, processes, techniques and application.

28.	Mass Production  FOR CANDIDATES	laminated plastics, mouldings, etc.  (a) Concept and principles.  (b) Processes: Market survey, design, production, quality assurance, sales/marketing, management, procurement, cost estimation, tooling up for production.	To include mass production terms, e.g. templates, fixtures, trial run, departments, section, prototype, quality control, etc.  Basic knowledge of the concepts required.
	IN NIGERIA/ SIERRA LEONE/THE GAMBIA ONLY		
/ <b>u</b>	Entrepreneurship in Woodworking.	<ul> <li>(a) Types of business organisation e.g. sole proprietorship, partnership, cooperatives etc.</li> <li>(b) Business opportunities in Woodworking: e.g. merchandizing, spray painting, upholstery work, wood turning.</li> </ul>	To include characteristic advantages and disadvantages.
		<ul> <li>(c) Business plans: format     and content.</li> <li>(d) Sources of fund e.g.     gifts,     personal savings, loans,     inheritance, cooperatives     etc.</li> </ul>	To include sample plans.  To include benefits and the risks.

## **SUGGESTED READING LIST**

- 1. Woodwork in Theory and Practice John A. Walton, Australian Publishing Company.
  - 2. Woodwork Design and Practice David M. Shaw Hodder and Stoughton
  - 3. Woodwork by G. N Green
- 4. Basic Principles of Woodwork Design and Drawing Emmanuel A. Nnenji

  Aranke woods
- 5. Practical Upholstery C. Howes F.A. M.U Evans Brothers Limited, London.
- 6. General Certificate Woodwork by H. E. King
- 7. Fundamentals of Woodworking by Nurudeen et all
- 8. Woodwork by G. W. Brazier and H. A. Harris
  - 9. Advance Woodworking and Furniture Making by J. Fierre and G. Hutchings
  - 10. Woodwork for Senior Secondary School by CESAC
  - 11. Woodwork for Senior Secondary School by J. N. K. Sackey, G. Manu and R. Y. Baafi
  - 12. Woodwork Made Simple by Tom Pettit
  - 13. Woodwork Technology by John Strefford Guy McMurdo
  - 14. Woodwork by E. J. Wunter
  - 15. Woodwork Technology by J. K. N. Sackey
  - 16. Woodworker's Pocket Book by Charles H. Hayford
  - 17. Collins complete woodworker's Manual by Jackson Albert and Day David