COSMETOLOGY

EXAMINATION SCHEME

There will be three papers, Papers 1, 2 and 3 all of which must be taken. Papers 1 and 2 will be a composite paper to be taken at one sitting.

PAPER 1: Will consist of forty multiple-choice objective questions lasting for 40 minutes and carrying 40 marks.

PAPER 2: The paper will last 1hour 20 minutes and have two sections, Sections A and B as follows:

Section A: This will consist of one compulsory question drawn from

Sections A, B and G of the syllabus for 30 marks.

Section B: This will consist of three questions drawn from Sections C, D,

E and F of the syllabus. Each question will carry 25 marks and candidates will be required to answer two.

PAPER 3: Will be a test of practical work paper consisting of three compulsory questions. It will take 1 hour and carry 80 marks.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

CONTENTS	NOTES
INTRODUCTION TO COSMETOLOGY	
• Cosmetology	
Cosmetology.Cosmetics.Cosmetician.Aspects of cosmetology.	
Professional Ethics	
 Professional ethics. Good and poor ethics of cosmetology. Qualities of a cosmetologist. 	
• GENERAL SAFETY PRECAUTION/HYGIENE	
• Personal/client Safety	
Personal safety.Client safety.	

• Personal Hygiene

Definition of personal hygiene.

- Rules of Personal Hygiene
- Rules for Personal hygiene.
- Grooming and grooming materials.
- Sterilization of tools
- Definition of sterilization.
- Methods and types of sterilization.
- Materials and of sterilization.
- Process of sterilization.

• First Aid

- Definition of first aid.
- Contents of a first aid box and their uses.
- First aid treatment.

• TOOLS, EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

Cosmetic tools, Equipment and Materials.

- General tools, equipment and materials used in cosmetology.
- Classification of cosmetic tools, equipment and materials.
- Uses of cosmetic tools, equipment and materials.
- Maintenance of tools and equipment.

• HAIR CARE AND HAIR PRODUCTS	Definition of terms.
• Types of Hair	Different aspects of cosmetology.
Types of hairGeneral hair care	General professional ethics.
• General Hair Treatment	
 Types of hair treatment – shampooing, conditioning, steaming etc. Stages of hair treatment. 	Candidates should be able to correctly outline various safety measures to be taken.
 Scalp Treatment Scalp disorders. 	Cleanliness of the body and oral hygiene. Characteristics of grooming (posture, exercise relaxation and balanced diet.) Physical agents: moist heat, boiling water , steaming, dry heat, ultra violet rays.
• Scalp treatment.	Chemical agents: antiseptics and disinfectants.
	First aid treatment for burns, cuts, scalds etc.
• Prevention of scalp disorders	
• Treatment of Hair loss	
Hair loss—causes, prevention and treatment.	Candidates should be able to describe how the various tools, equipment and materials are used. Manicure and pedicure tools, barbing clippers, facial implements e.t.c.
• Tinting and Colouring of Hair	Normal, dry, oily hair etc. should be studied. Combing, washing, brushing, cutting, trimming etc.

 Definition of hair colouring/tinting. Types of hair colouring 	ouring. A S S	Appropriate treatment for dry hair, normal hair, oily hair and hair with andruff should be studied. hampooing, conditioning, steaming, trimming, drying and styling hould be studied. Hair loss (alopecia), dandruff etc.
• Tools and instrun for hair colouring	g. C	Autritional treatment (vitamin B etc.), Chemical treatment (shampoos, ream etc.) should be studied. Candidates are expected to have carried out
• Chemical Hair F		ractical activities on scalp treatment.
 Definition of hair Types of hair relawaves, texturizer Tools and materiarelaxing. Procedure for cherelaxing. Safety precaution applying chemicarelaxers. 	emical hair Tas in Tal hair	Temporary, semi-permanent and permanent hair colouring should be tudied. Candidates are expected to have carried out practical activities on hair olouring/tinting.
 Artificial Hair Difference betwe pieces and wigs. Types of hair piece wigs. Reasons for wear Caring for wigs a pieces. Tips for buying h and wigs. 	ces and ring wigs. re and hair	Candidates are expected to carry out practical activities on hair elaxing.
• Procedure for fix hair.		andidates are expected to have carried out practical activities on
• Hair Weaving	fi	ixing artificial hair.
		Candidates are expected to have carried out practical activities on veaving.

•	Hair weaving—Keasons for weaving, tools and materials. Types of hair pieces for weaving.	
•	Brand names of hair pieces.	Bumps, lice, hair shaft damage etc.
		HIV transmission, ringworm etc.
•	Hair Barbering	
•	Definition of barbering. Common hair diseases associated with barbering. Risks associated with barbering and safety measures. Barbering tools, materials and their maintenance.	Candidate should be able to define shampoos and conditioners and be able to select the right type of shampoos and conditioners for different textures of hair. Candidates are expected to have carried out practical activities of shampooing and conditioning.
•	Shampoos and Hair Conditioners	Oily skin, dry skin etc. Moisturizers, cleansers, lotions, toners, creamse.t.c.
•	Shampoos and conditioners. Reasons for hair shampooing and conditioning.	Acne, eczema, ringworm, inflammation of the skin e.t.c.
		e.g. primary, secondary, tertiary, neutral and intermediate colours.
•	Techniques for hair shampooing and conditioning. Safety precautions for shampooing and conditioning. FACE AND BODY CARE	Base foundation, loose powder, lips sticks, eye pencilse.t.c.Beautification, concealing facial defects etc.Cleansing, moisturizing, foundation, concealer powder, eye shadow etc.Brush, facial mask, foam, facial towel etc.
•	Skin—Definition and types of skin Skin care Types of skin care products and their usage.	Wrinkles, acne, pimples etc. Facial creams, nutrition, facial aerobics etc Candidates are expected to have carried out practical activities on
		application of lipsticks

Abuse of skin care products.Common skin problems and treatments.	Tweezers, eye pencil, mascara etc. Candidates are expected to have carried out practical activities on the use of eye brows, eye lids and eye lash materials.
 Colour Wheel/chart Classification of colours Colour wheel/chart. Application of Facial Make-up Types of facial make-up 	Tips for buying good shoes. Common toes and feet disorders should be studied. White spots, bitten nails, brittle nails etc. Ringworm, felon and ingrown nails.
 Reasons for facial make-up Application of facial make-up Safety precautions in application of facial makeup. Make-up materials Maintenance of make-up implements. 	Candidates are expected to have carried out practical activities on manicuring and pedicuring. Explanation. Registration of members with local hair dresser associations, payment of business premises levy to government.
 Facial Defects and Treatment Facial defects. Treatment of facial defects. Lips and Lip Sticks Lips—shapes of lips and types of lipcolours Types of lipsticks. Techniques for lip sticks and lip colour application. 	Radio, television, handbills, posters, newspapers, magazines, internet e.t.c.
• Eye Brows, Eye Lids and	

Eye Lashes

- Types and shapes of eye brows.
- Materials used for eye brows, eye
- lids and eye lashes.

• MANICURE AND PEDICURE

- Feet and Hands
- Care of feet—effect of shoes on feet.
- massaging of feet and trimming of toe nails.
- Care of hands—massaging, application of oil and trimming of handnails.
- Nail disorders.
- Nail diseases.
- Nails
- Definition of manicure and pedicure
- Tools and equipment for manicuring and pedicuring and their maintenance
- Processes for manicuring and pedicuring.
- Safety precautions for manicuring and pedicuring.

Opening a Beauty Salon

- Salon.
- Conditions for establishing a salon.
- Salon equipment.
- Rules, regulations and laws governing salon business.
- Media for advertising

LIST OF MAJOR EQUIPMENTS AND MATERIALS REQUIRED

Mirrors		
Dressing and styling chairs		
Shampoo bowls		
Trolleys		
Chairs		
Stools		
Washing basins		
Curling tongs		
Steamers		
Heater		
Foot massager (chart)		
Crimping machine (chart)		
Tweezers		
Emery boards		
Manicure Sets		
Generator (at least 3KVA)		
Sets of combs		
Gloves (Hair dresser's)		
Aprons		
Cream relaxers		
Neutralizing shampoos; shampoos.		
Conditioners		
Pomades		
Needles		
Threads		
Weave-on		
Hair pieces		

Wigs	
Set of artificial nails	
Setting lotions	
Hair lotions	
Colour tints	
Hair sprays (oil sheen and holding)	
Towels	
Capes	